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IS 13834 (Part 3): 1995 ISO 4301-3: 1993

भारतीय मानक

क्रेन — वर्गीकरण

भाग 3 टावर क्रेन

Indian Standard

CRANES — CLASSIFICATION

PART 3 TOWER CRANES

ICS 53.020.20

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

NATIONAL FOREWORD

This Indian Standard which is identical with ISO 4301-3: 1993 'Cranes — Classification — Part 3: Tower cranes', issued by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards on the recommendations of the Cranes, Lifting Chains and Its Related Equipment Sectional Committee and approval of the Heavy Mechanical Engineering Division Council.

This standard is being published in five parts. Other parts of this standard are as follows:

Part 1 General

Part 2 Mobile cranes

Part 4 Jib cranes

Part 5 Overhead travelling cranes and portal bridge cranes

The text of ISO standard has been approved for publication as Indian Standard without deviations. Certain terminology and conventions are, however, not identical to those used in Indian Standards. Accordingly wherever the words 'International Standard' appear referring to this standard, they should be read as 'Indian Standard'.

In this adopted standard, reference appears to certain International Standards for which Indian Standards also exists. The corresponding Indian Standards which are to be substituted in their place are listed below along with their degree of equivalence for the editions indicated:

International Standard	Corresponding Indian Standard ·	Degree of Equivalence
ISO 4301-1 : 1986	IS 13834 (Part 1): 1994 Cranes — Classification: Part 1 General	Identical
ISO 4306-1 : 1990	IS 13473 (Part 1) : 1992 Cranes — Vocabulary : Part 1 General	Identical
ISO 4306-3 : 1991	IS 13473 (Part 3): 1993 Cranes — Vocabulary: Part 3 Tower cranes	Identical

IS 13834 (Part 3): 1995

ISO 4301-3:1993

Indian Standard CRANES — CLASSIFICATION

PART 3 TOWER CRANES

1 Scope

This part of ISO 4301 establishes a classification of tower cranes as defined in ISO 4306-3, according to their category.

NOTE 1 For the classification of cranes, as defined in ISO 4306-1, based on the number of operating cycles to be carried out during the expected life of the crane and a load spectrum factor which represents a nominal state of loading, see ISO 4301-1.

It applies to the classification of

- tower cranes for building and general construction work that can be dismantled.
- permanently erected tower cranes,
- hammerhead cranes:
- dockside and shipbuilders' tower cranes.

It does not apply to the classification of

- power-driven mobile jib cranes which may be fitted with a tower attachment.
- erection masts, with or without jibs.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 4301. At the time of publication, the

editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 4301 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4301-1:1986, Cranes and lifting appliances — Classification — Part 1: General.

ISO 4306-1:1990, Cranes — Vocabulary — Part 1: General.

ISO 4306-3:1991, Cranes — Vocabulary — Part 3: Tower cranes.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 4301, the definitions given in ISO 4306-1 and ISO 4306-3 apply.

4 Categories of tower cranes

Tower cranes can be divided into three general categories based on the service they are expected to be subject to, as follows:

Category 1: Tower cranes in irregular use or having a light state of loading

Category 2: Tower cranes for building

Category 3: Tower cranes in regular use or having a heavy state of loading

IS 13834 (Part 3): 1995

ISO 4301-3:1993

5 Classification of a tower crane as a whole

6 Classification of mechanisms

A tower crane, as a whole, shall be classed in accordance with table 1. Examples of classifications of a tower crane as a whole are given in table 2.

The mechanisms of a tower crane shall be classed in accordance with table 3. Examples of classifications of mechanisms are given in table 4.

Table 1 — Classification of a tower crane as a whole

Category of	Classification of tower crane								
crane	Class of use	State of loading	Group classification						
-1	U1 to U4	Q1 and Q2	A1 to A4						
2	U3 and U4	Q2	A3 and A4						
3	U4 and U5	Q2 and Q3	A4 to A6						

Table 2 — Examples of group classification of a tower crane as a whole

		Classifica	tion of the to	wer crane		
Category of crane	Designation of the tower crane	Class of use	State of loading	Group classification		
	Crane for irregular use	U1	Q2	A1		
	Storage yard crane for material	U3	U3 Q1			
1	Maintenance crane for drilling platforms	U3	Q2	A3		
	Dockyard repair crane	U4	Q2	A4		
•	Automatic self-erecting crane	-U3	Ω2	A3		
2	Tower crane erected by parts	U4	Q2	A4		
	Dockyard fitting-out crane	U4	Q2	A4		
2	Port crane for loading of containers	U4	Q2	A4		
3	Ship construction crane	U4	Q3	A5		
	Grabbing crane	U5	Q3	A6		

IS 13834 (Part 3): 1995

ISO 4301-3:1993

Table 3 — Classification of mechanisms

	Classification of mechanisms															
Category of crane	Class of use					State of loading					Group classification					
		Movement ¹⁾ Move						vement ¹⁾								
	н	S	L	D	Т	н	S	L	D	Т	Н	S	L	D	Т	
1	T1 to T4	T1 to T4	T1 to T3	T1 to T3	T1 and T2	L1 and L2	L3	L1 and L2	L1 and L2	L3	M1 to M4	M2 to M5	M1 to M3	M1 to M3	M2 and M3	
2	T3 and T4	T3 and T4	T2 and T3	T2 and T3	T1 and T2	L2	L3 -	L3	. L2	L3	M3 and M4	M4 and M5	M3 and M4	M2 and M3	M2 and M3	
3	T4 and T5	T4 and T5	T3 and T4	T3 to T5	T2 to T5	L2 and L3	L2 and L3	L2 and L3	L2 and L3	L2 and L3	M4 to M6	M4 to M6	M3 to M5	M3 to M6	M2 to M6	
1) Key — H: hoisting	; S: sle	wing; l	L: luffin	g; D: d	lirection	trave	rsing);	T: trave	elling.							

Table 4 — Examples of classification of mechanisms

			Classification of mechanisms													
Cate- gory	Designation of the tower crane	Class of use Movement ¹⁾					State of loading				Group classification					
of crane							Movement ¹⁾					Movement ¹⁾				
		Н	s	L	D	Т	Н	S	L	D	Т	Н	S	L	D	T
	Crane for irregular use	T1	T1	T1	Τ1	T1	L2	L3	L2	L2	L3	M1	M2	M1	M1	M2
-	Storage yard crane for material	Т3	T3	T2	T2	T1	L1	L3	L1	L1	L3	M2	M4 -	M1	M1	M2
1	Maintenance crane for drilling platforms	ТЗ	Т3	T2	T2	T1	L1	L3	L2	L2	L3	М3	M4	M2	M2	M2
	Dockyard repair crane	T4	T4	ТЗ	ТЗ	T2	L2	L3	L2	L2	L3	M4	M5	МЗ	МЗ	МЗ
	Automatic self-erecting crane	Т3	ТЗ	Τ2	Т2	T1	L2	L3	L3	L2	L3	M3	M4	МЗ	M2	M2
2	Tower crane erected by parts	T4	T4	ТЗ	ТЗ	T2	L2	L3	L3	L2	L3	M4	M5	M4	МЗ	МЗ
	Dockyard fitting-out crane	T4	T4	Т3	T3	T5	L2	L3	L2	L2	L3	M4	M5	МЗ	МЗ	M6
	Port crane for loading of containers	T4	T4	ТЗ	T4	T2	L2	L2	L2	L2	L2	M4	M4	M3	M4	M2
3	Ship construction crane	T4	T4	ТЗ	ТЗ	T4	L3	L3	L3	L3	L3	M5	M5	M4	M4	M5
	Grabbing crane	T5	T5	T4	T5	T2	L3	L3	L3	L3	L3	M6	M6	M5	M6	МЗ

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Review of Indian Standards

Amendments are issued to standards as the need arises on the basis of comments. Standards are also reviewed periodically; a standard along with amendments is reaffirmed when such review indicates that no changes are needed; if the review indicates that changes are needed, it is taken up for revision. Users of Indian Standards should ascertain that they are in possession of the latest amendments or edition by referring to the latest issue of 'BIS Handbook' and 'Standards Monthly Additions'.

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	Amendments Issued Since Publication	on
Amend N	o. Date of Issue	Text Affected
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